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In the Washington State Supreme Court

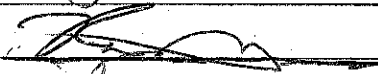
State of Washington NO: 102126-3
Ronald Barton Jr. Motion: Supplement
Discretionary Review RAP 13.5

I Motion

Here Comes Now, Ronald Barton Jr. proceeding
Pro Se, in Necessity hereby MOVES this honorable
Court to receive the proponent's additional evidence
"Statement of Additional Grounds" "SAG" that was
not submitted in error with "Discretionary Review"
contents.

Respectfully Submitted,

7/14/23



Date:

Signature

* Supported By Affidavit *

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IT Affiant

I, Ronald BARTON Jr declare and state the following statements are true and correct to the best of my personal knowledge and belief under penalty of perjury pursuant 28 U.S.C. 1846 TOWTT:

1) The petitioner asserts the "Statement of Additional Ground" "SAG" was in error omitted from the confirmation sent via Supreme Court discretionary review request in accordance with RAP 13.5.

Respectfully Submitted,

7/14/23



Date:

Signature

Affiant: Supplement "Discretionary Review" Page 2 of 2
RAP 13.5

APPY

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State of Washington Appeal Court DIV II

State of Washington Plaintiff v Ron Barton Jr. defendant	Judicial Notice NO: 56761-0-II "Supplement" addendum RAP 10.10
---	---

* Supplement to prior *

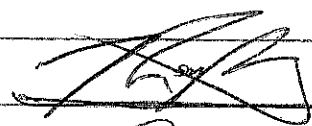
A.) The Defendant has been Subjected to prejudice by the effects of the Appeal Counsel providing "Ineffective Assistance of Counsel" in Violation of U.S. Const 14th + 6th amend see Washington Constitution Art 1 § 2 § 22 § 29 "Appeal in ALL cases", In Restraint of Grace 174 Wn.2d 835;

Supported by AFFIDAVIT

Supported by the Single Letter from the Appeal Counsel attached Exh "A".

5/3/23

date



Sign

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State of Washington Appeal Court DIV II

State of Washington
Plaintiff v
Ron Barton Jr.
defendant/

NO: 56761-0-II
"declaration"/"AFFIDAVIT"
Prejudice to Appeal

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1.) Ron Barton, pro se, per se does assert to be of age and able to testify in a Court of LAW.

2.) Defendant asserts to be RON BARTON Jr. and hereafter defendant/petitioner

3.) defendant asserts that Appeal Counsel appears to be confused or purposefully tactically against the defendant due to Not addressing "Constitutional" issues
In re Pers. Restraint of Hews 99 Wh. 2d 80, 87, 660 P. 2d 263 (1983) "Claims may be considered, ... despite failure in direct Appeal" ... 2 of 11

1

2 4) defendant asserts the above "Hews" case
3 appears to suggest one person can raise
4 claims "Constitutional" error in RAP 6.1 when
5 he has the benefit of a skilled lawyer
6 making Ms Elliott appear to provide
7 Counsel of "different form of quality".

8

9 5) defendant refers to Exhibit "A" Line #'s
10 have been provided and for the sole
11 sake of this Motion "This Communication
12 April 28, 2023" is waived for privilege
13 reserving ALL other protected communicates.

14

15 6) defendant asserts Line #3 supports
16 his claim (exh A) "get you out of prison" she
17 claims is Not correct RPC 3.1 or even
18 ABA standard provides a "duty" to help
19 the Innocent become free from Unlawful
20 incarceration. *Big fat Lie*

21

22

23

24

1
2 7) defendant asserts Ms Elliott goes on
3 to claim line #3 "It is my job to write a
4 competent appeal brief that advocates for
5 you by raising all [ALL] of the meritorious
6 issues in your case." therefore proper
7 designation of ALL clerk's papers and
8 Superior Court filing especially when
9 specifically requested by the client RAP 9.3
10 would appear to be a duty Not a choice
11 by a lazy Counsel looking to "Push"
12 certain issues to RAP 16.3 plus then
13 prejudice Constitutional challenges
14 being raised Without Counsel.

15
16 8) defendant asserts back to line 3+4
17 Ms Elliott filed the first "Brief" to the
18 Court WITHOUT any meeting of the
19 mind and shocked the conscience of
20 the accused; this behavior could happen.
21 ONLY in a Non-Constitutional environment

22

23

24

1 9.) defendant asserts Line 6-8 Appears
2 to be frivolous "my professional opinion"
3 is "Bald assertion" that makes it clear
4 the Appeal attorney fails to grab the
5 opportunity provided that assistance
6 of Counsel would follow Wash Const,
7 Art I § 22 "Appeal in ALL Cases" instead of
8 what she seems to advertise against
9 the Constitution "Partial appeal" in all
10 Cases. Plus the Pro-se position of the
11 CrR 7.8 has No bearing on the "Clerks
12 Papers" filed in the Case that Ms
13 Elliott should have a duty to address.
14

15 10.) defendant asserts Line 8 "This may
16 blow your one chance at filing another
17 "PRP" if your conviction is affirmed on
18 Appeal. *deciet* 1) IF the PRP is Wrongly
19 Considered Exhausted then the State
20 has had full + fair Review but by
21 States own choice failed to do so
22 allowing 28 U.S.C. § 2254 De-Novo Not
23 effected by AEDPA restrictions.
24 *Plus effective Federal Counsel* 5 of 17

1 11.) defendant asserts Line 9 gets worse
2 " I will not be designating those documents
3 to the Court of Appeals *Unlawful* again
4 she has a duty to address the "Clerks"
5 papers of the case to claim "full appeal"
6 in all cases, it appears she is avoiding
7 her duty to be "skilled" lawyer to settle
8 for "Practicing" attorney for States' interests

9
10 12.) defendant assert Ms Elliott has again
11 drawn on "Sophistry" to be able to
12 reduce her duties Line 10-11 Prove this
13 "to the extent the Court has recieved some
14 of your filings already, they have stated
15 they will not consider them on direct appeal"
16 1.) Bald assertion due to "Written" forms
17 were Mailed to the Appeal Court for the
18 Sole purpose of proving the GR 3.1
19 Service and filing which would appear
20 in the "Electronic" records if the
21 Appeal Counsel would do her duty
22 and designate the "Index" # on the
23 Case Summary it then would be properly
24 Before the Court. 6 of 12

1 13.) defendant asserts it appears Ms Elliott
2 is taking advantage of what she
3 may be mistaking a the "Client is Stupid"
4

5 14.) Defendant asserts Line 12-15 is total
6 Proof of abuse of the title and said
7 immunities enjoyed by a skilled lawyer
8 only doing the bare minimum of a
9 "Practice attorney" when she states
10 "I have reviewed all of the documents you
11 have sent me. (Sign declarations filed in Superior
12 Court) It appears that your Primary
13 Complaint is your lawyers' performance at
14 trial." "The Court of Appeals [RARELY]
15 considers ineffective assistance of
16 Counsel claim on direct Appeal: "Untenable"
17 No factual reason other than complacency
18 and laziness to provide aggressive
19 assistance of Counsel

20
21 15.) Defendant asserts the Restraint of Grace
22 (supra) appears to admitt "Ineffective
23 Counsel" could be raised and further
24 study shows it "shall" be or 7 of 17
Suffer Not bringing When Available;

1 16) defendant asserts Line 14-15 of the
2 Communicate is absolutely ridiculous
3 "I did not raise this issue in your Opening
4 brief and I will [NOT] raise this
5 issue in any additional briefing

6 1) The Notice of Appeal filed
7 by the trial attorney has "Ineffective
8 Counsel" as Proclaimed. for RAP 6.1

9 2) The SAG filed after the
10 defendant was informed his brief
11 was filed has "Ineffective Counsel",
12 Proclaimed and asserted for RAP 6.1
13 forcing the Uneducated indigent person
14 alleged to be lawfully incarcerated to
15 address these issues alone and in a
16 Seperate Vehicle (RAP 6.3) while knowing
17 that "Counsel" is Not provided without
18 meeting a much higher Bar is Unten-
19 able and Completely ~~dire~~ Ridiculous.

20

21

22

23

24

§ 17

1 17.) defendant asserts Line 16-23 the
2 whole discussion WPIC 4.26 is "Specific"
3 while WPIC 4.25 ~~petriak~~ instruction this
4 whole paragraph absolutely appears to
5 be Sophistry applied to the indigent
6 the charges I, II, III originally has
7 WPIC 4.26 to I and the state tried
8 to WPIC 4.25 But the defense
9 Counsel Noticed the "ERROR" of the
10 states charging and wanted to "SAVE"
11 the states Conviction by WPIC 4.25
12 on ALL three But for the Court being
13 biased to the "State" applied 4.26
14 over the defense Counsel Ineffective
15 assistance of Counsel to help the state
16 and therefore WPIC 4.26 was improper
17 for ALL three charges AND the state
18 Prosecutor believes his "Statements" to
19 a Jury is "Evidence" in a Complete
20 misapplication of Law and Misconduct
21 wishes this Jury to Not go by the
22 Jury instruction but by his personal
23 Non-evidencial statement Making
24 the Conviction VOID "Lacking Competant
Jurisdiction - cont - 2 of 17

1 17.(cont) while a mere denial of a Constitutional
2 right by a Court of Competant Jurisdiction
3 may be (improperly) harmless But for
4 the Lack of Jurisdiction by failure in
5 Court duties Can Never be harmless.

6
7 18.) Line 21-23 "You did not raise an alibi
8 defense at trial" *Respectfully* Big fat Liar
9 The affidavits filed in the superior Court
10 are evidence, "Raising" the issue but this
11 ineffective assistance is purposely Avoiding
12 this as Manifest injustice.

13
14 19.) defendant Asserts Ms Ellitt "the Court of
15 Appeals would likely find this claim of
16 error meritless and/or harmless."

17 1) The way to assure denial is to avoid the
18 argument and avoid adversarial process
19 2) Again "Declarations/AFFIDAVITS" properly
20 presented to the Lower Court are
21 OBVIOUSLY in Ms Elliott's wheel house
22 if she had an interest in providing
23 effective assistance of Counsel.

24

25

10 of 17

Error on the side of Innocence Not guilty

1 20.) Defendant asserts "Proof" by the Appeal
2 Counsel own words Line 24-26 due to
3 9A.44.020(1) "No Corroboration" Language is
4 an absolute "Unconstitutional" statute
5 because 1) RPC 3,8 and most duties to do
6 a "complete" investigation are abrogated
7 2) The states attorney also
8 appears to have Probable Cause to
9 "charge" AND Probable Cause to detain
10 in One "out of Court statement"

11 * Violation of 14th amend of the U.S. Const
12 "equal protections" clause while also then
13 offending 6th amendment Confrontation
14 clause in regards to any challenge
15 to Probable Cause; Charging documents;
16 even when this has a plea "Not
17 guilty" there is No evidence in the
18 record to question these Pre-trial
19 challenges NOR protect the public
20 from government overreach or even
21 overcharging * arbitrary claims of the
22 Accused being "Public safety" despite
23 a life of very limited if Not No
24 Criminal history - Cont - 11 of 17

1
2 20. cont-) The Appeals Courts seem to be
3 of "first impression" of 9A.44.020C1)
4 challenged to pre trial due process
5 but the precedent appears to address
6 "In trial" its improper to make a Jury
7 instruction with this "Language" because
8 it "Comments" on the evidence improperly
9 making it appear a "finger" on the Scale
10 against the Accused. So by default
11 if appears this same principle should
12 apply that the States burden to do
13 a complete investigation would suffer
14 the same "defect" placing the States
15 "finger" on the scale in Violation of
16 "due Process" U.S. Const 5th 6th 8th see Wash.
17 Const Art 1 § 2 § 3 § 22 § 29
18 * AND Ms Elliott refuses to address
19 this issue "at 26" The Court of Appeals
20 will not disturb that finding" citing the
21 trial "Credability" and Jury belief but
22 for the Excess of Jurisdiction during
23 pre-trial that has voided the whole
24 Conviction.

25

12 of 17

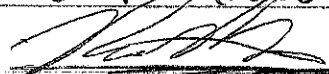
1 21.) Defendant asserts Line 27-28- all are
2 addressed in the "Evidence" filed in the
3 Clerk's papers Appeal Counsel does Not
4 want to address, "The evidence..." at 29
5 would only be "exceedingly detrimental"
6 If when investigated it was found to
7 actually "BE" what the state claimed
8 it was but because the defendant
9 is WELL aware of factual innocence
10 and knows his personal phone does
11 Not have such "Materials" and the
12 claims by the prosecutor refer to what
13 was on or alleged to be on the Complainant
14 witness's phone, In this age of multi-
15 media and electronic "hyjacks" (hyjacks)
16 the younger generations can utilize their
17 hand computers in ways that leave any
18 reasonable older person "In the dark" Yet
19 the State can use Sophistry to Confuse
20 the claim of "the evidence" and the
21 innocent adults sits allegedly lawfully
22 convicted of a young person sending
23 unexceptionable "pics" to her friends,
24 "Ridiculous" 13 of 17

1 22) defendant asserts answer Line 31-33
2 "Mr Barton does feel subjected to a "Conflict"
3 of the Service provided by the Appeal
4 Counsel. If only she would provide
5 the aggressive representation of a
6 skilled lawyer rather than acting
7 with only the skill of a "Practice" attorney
8 and address these issues without the
9 "Switcharoo" language that appears to
10 Confuse and deter justice for the
11 defendant, Recognize that the Appeal
12 needs to address Constitutional issues
13 otherwise Suffer being contrary to
14 well established Federal law requiring
15 issues to be raised "ALL levels" and
16 offending the Washington Constitution in various
17 ways to include Article 1 § 2 "Supreme Law"
18 The Practice attorney still is Under a
19 duty to serve the public but even
20 the claimed duty to the state NOT
21 withstanding.

22 The above is true/Correct RA 72.085 286 SC 1746

23

5/3/23



24

dated

Sign

14 of 13

April 28, 2023

Mr. Ronald Barton
Coyote Ridge Corrections Center
PO Box 769
Connell, WA 99326-0769

Re: Your Appeal 56761-0-II

Dear Mr. Barton:

1 I am glad we had the chance to talk today. It is clear to me that you are very distressed. But I do need to
2 clear up several matters.

3 You stated that it was my job to “get you out of prison.” That is not correct. It is my job to write a competent
4 appeal brief that advocates for you by raising all of the meritorious issues in your case. And, it is also my job
5 to try to make matters better – not worse - for you.

6 As you are aware, it is my professional opinion that you should not be filing a CrR 7.8 motion at this time.
7 The trial judge will undoubtedly sign an order transferring it to the Court of Appeals as a personal restraint
8 petition. This may blow your one chance at filing another PRP if your conviction is affirmed on appeal.
9 And, because that is my professional opinion that you should not be filing a PRP now, I will not be
10 designating those documents to the Court of Appeals. And, to the extent the Court has received some of
11 your filings already, they have stated they will not consider them on direct appeal.

12 I have reviewed all of the documents you have sent me. It appears that your primary complaint is your
13 lawyer’s performance at trial. The Court of Appeals rarely considers ineffective assistance of counsel claims
14 on direct appeal. I did not raise this issue in your opening brief and I will not raise this issue in any
15 additional briefing.

16 As to the issue you raised verbally with me today regarding WPIC 4.26, there was no error. The instruction
17 in your case properly told the jury that the prosecutor elected three instances of alleged misconduct and that
18 to convict you on any one count the jury had to unanimously agree that specific act was proved. The
19 fact that, as to each count, the State used a short range of dates is not error either. The date of the
20 offense is simply not an essential element of the crime charged. *State v. Brooks*, 195 Wash. 2d 91, 97,
21 455 P.3d 1151, 1154 (2020). And, you did not raise an alibi defense at trial. Your argument was that
22 none of the acts ever happened and the complaining witness was lying. So the Court of Appeals would
23 likely find this claim of error meritless and/or harmless.

24 There is no merit on appeal to arguing about a lack of corroboration of the complaining witnesses
25 statements or her credibility. The law does not require corroboration. And, the jury believed the
26 complaining witness. The Court of Appeals will not disturb that finding.

27 You also complain about “suppressed evidence” and “denial of the right to investigate.” As I have
28 expressed, I believe that Mr. Lewis made the correct call when he opted for “suppression” of the tardy

29 discovery. The evidence given to you on the second day of trial would have been exceedingly
30 detrimental to your case if it had been admitted.

31 Finally, you called me ineffective appellate counsel in your pleadings. You were also very angry with
32 me on the phone. If you truly believe you cannot work with me, then you need to clarify that by filing a
33 motion asking the Court of Appeals to discharge me and to appoint you new counsel.

Sincerely,

34 { *Suzanne Lee Elliott*
Suzanne Lee Elliott
Staff Attorney

- Harmless Error -

Absent a showing of structural error, federal habeas corpus relief will not be granted unless the challenged trial error caused "actual prejudice" or had "substantial and injurious effect or influence" in determining the jury's verdict. *Brecht v. Abrahamson*, 507 U.S. 619, 637 (1993); See *Tyler v. Cain*, 533 U.S. 656, 665 (2001) (noting that a showing of "structural error" is not amenable to harmless-error analysis but will always invalidate the conviction). Habeas relief may not be granted if there is merely a reasonable possibility that trial error contributed to the verdict. *Calderon v. Coleman*, 525 U.S. 141, 146-47 (1998); *Brecht*, 507 U.S. at 637. In proceedings under Section 2254, the federal court must assess the prejudicial impact of a constitutional error under the *Brecht* standard whether or not the state court recognized the error and reviewed it for harmlessness. *Fry v. Pliler*, 551 U.S. 112, 121-22 (2007).

- Collier Does Not Claim Equitable Tolling or Actual Innocence -

Equitable tolling of § 2244(d)'s limitations period is available only if the petitioner shows "(1) that he has been pursuing his rights diligently, and (2) that some extraordinary circumstance stood in his way." *Holland v. Florida*, 560 U.S. 631, 649 (2010) (quoting *Pace*, 544 U.S.

- Cont Next Page -

"Challenging jurisdiction under Blakely/Apprendi to life term with no aggravators", Dkt, 20 at 5. "RCW 9A.44.020 (1)." Dkt, 20 at 7.

~~III Timeliness of Petition~~

- No evidentiary hearing required -

"Although state prisoners may sometimes submit new evidence in federal court, Antiterrorism and effective Death Penalty Act of 1996's (AEDPA) Statutory Scheme is designed to strongly discourage them from doing so." Cullen v. Pinholster, 563 U.S. 170, 186 (2011). Specifically, "review under § 2254(d)(1) is limited to the record that was before the state court that adjudicated the claim on the merits." Id., at 181.

Moreover, an evidentiary hearing is not required where the petition raises questions of law only or where the issues may be resolved on the basis of the state record. Beardlee v. Woodford, 358 F.3d 560, 585 (9th Cir. 2004); Totten v. Merkle, 137 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 1998). The petitioner must demonstrate that an evidentiary hearing would materially advance his claims and explain why the record before the court, or an expanded record, is inadequate for review. Totten, 137 F.3d at 1176-77.

-Cont- 544 U.S. at 418). The threshold for equitable tolling is "very high, lest the exceptions swallow the rule." *Miranda v. Castro*, 292 F.3d 1063, 1066 (9th Cir. 2002).

THE SUPREME COURT
STATE OF WASHINGTON

ERIN L. LENNON
SUPREME COURT CLERK

SARAH R. PENDLETON
DEPUTY CLERK/
CHIEF STAFF ATTORNEY



TEMPLE OF JUSTICE
P.O. BOX 40929
OLYMPIA, WA 98504-0929

(360) 357-2077
e-mail: supreme@courts.wa.gov
www.courts.wa.gov

July 12, 2023

LETTER SENT BY E-MAIL

Ronald Ray Barton, Jr.
DOC #431278
Coyote Ridge Corrections Center
P.O. Box 900
Shelton, WA 98584

Michael N. Rothman
Pacific County
P.O. Box 45
South Bend, WA 98586-0045

Eric J. Nielsen
Nielsen Koch & Grannis, PLLC
2200 6th Avenue, Suite 1250
Seattle, WA 98121-1820

Hon. Derek Byrne, Clerk
Court of Appeals, Division II
500 N. Cedar Street
Spokane, WA 99201-1905

Re: Supreme Court Case No. 102176-3 - State of Washington v. Ronald Ray Barton Jr.
Court of Appeals No. 56761-0-II

Clerk, Counsel and Ronald Ray Barton Jr.,

On July 12, 2023, the Court received the Petitioner's pro se "MOTION: RAP DISCRETIONARY REVIEW OF INTERLOCUTORY DECISION – RAP 13.5(a), (b), (1), (2)". A copy is enclosed for the parties. The matter has been assigned the Supreme Court case number indicated above.

A review of the matter discloses that the request for review was improperly designated a motion for discretionary review. The pleading seeks review of the Court of Appeals opinion entered by the Court of Appeals on June 27, 2023. Therefore, because the Court of Appeals granted review, made a decision on the merits, and terminated appellate review, the Court of Appeals decision is a "decision terminating review" under RAP 12.3, and any request for review of that decision must be in the form of a petition for review. See RAP 13.3 and 13.4. Therefore, the filing will be treated as a petition for review pursuant to RAP 13.3(d).

Upon review of the Court of Appeals docket, it appears that a motion for reconsideration is still pending there. Therefore, your motion for petition for review will be placed in the case file without action until the pending motion is resolved at the Court of Appeals.

Page 2
No. 102176-3
July 12, 2023

Once a decision has been entered by the Court of Appeals on the pending motion, the Petitioner should notify this Court in writing if the Petitioner still wishes to have this Court consider the previously filed petition for review.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Sarah R. Pendleton". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name being the most prominent.

Sarah R. Pendleton
Supreme Court Deputy Clerk

SRP:bw

Enclosure as stated.

July 10, 2023

IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

DIVISION II

In the Matter of the Personal Restraint of:

RONALD BARTON, JR,

Petitioner

No. 58245-7-II

ORDER APPOINTING COUNSEL,
SETTING BRIEFING
SCHEDULE, AND REFERRING TO PANEL

Ronald Barton, Jr. seeks relief from personal restraint imposed following his 2021 convictions for three counts of second degree child rape in Pacific County cause number 21-1-00105-25.

After initial consideration under RAP 16.11(b), the Acting Chief Judge has determined that the issues raised by this timely petition are not frivolous. Accordingly, it is hereby ordered that this petition is referred to a panel of judges for determination on the merits. Under RCW 10.73.150(4), RAP 16.11(b), and 16.15(h), this court will appoint counsel to represent Barton in this court's consideration of the petition at public expense unless Barton objects to the appointment of counsel within 14 days of service of this order.

This court also orders that under RAP 16.15(h), any necessary preparation of the record of prior proceedings shall be at public expense and waives charges for reproducing briefs or motions in this matter. At public expense, this court will provide appointed counsel with copies of the CrR 7.8 motion that was transferred to this court under CrR 7.8(c)(2), and the response to the CrR 7.8 motion.

If additional hearings from any other proceedings are necessary to resolve the issues raised in the original petition, appointed counsel must, within 30 days of appointment, file a statement of arrangements. See RAP 9.2; RAP 16.7(a)(2)(i). Within the same 30 days, appointed counsel must also designate any additional clerk's papers or exhibits from other proceedings necessary to resolve the petition. See RAP 9.6; RAP 16.7(a)(2)(i). The additional record on review should be filed within 30 days of when appointed counsel files the statement of arrangements and the designation of clerk's papers. The respondent also remains obligated to provide this court with copies of any records of other proceedings relevant to answering this petition. See RAP 16.9. The parties must comply with RAP Title 9 when providing the record necessary to decide this matter.

Appointed counsel's brief is due within 45 days after appointment of counsel or within 45 days after the report of proceedings, if any, is filed, whichever is later. The response to counsel's brief is due within 45 days of service of counsel's brief. A reply is optional. If appointed counsel chooses to file a reply, it is due within 30 days of service of the response to appointed counsel's brief. After all briefing is complete, this court will determine whether this matter will be heard with or without oral argument, and it will be set on the next available calendar.

Accordingly, it is hereby



Acting Chief Judge

cc: Ronald Barton, Jr.
Pacific County Clerk
County Cause No(s). 21-1-00105-4
Benjamin Haslam, Pacific County Prosecuting Attorney

INMATE

July 14, 2023 - 1:15 PM

Transmittal Information

Filed with Court: Supreme Court
Appellate Court Case Number: 102,176-3
Appellate Court Case Title: State of Washington v. Ronald Ray Barton Jr.
Superior Court Case Number: 21-1-00105-4

DOC filing of BARTON Inmate DOC Number 431278

The following documents have been uploaded:

- 1021763_20230714011504SC921851_3942_InmateFiling.pdf {ts '2023-07-14 13:01:30'}

The Original File Name was doc1pcnl1171@doc1.wa.gov_20230714_121519.pdf

The DOC Facility Name is Coyote Ridge Corrections Center.

The Inmate The Inmate/Filer's Last Name is BARTON.

The Inmate DOC Number is 431278.

The CaseNumber is 1021763.

The Comment is 1OF1.

The entire original email subject is 05,BARTON,431278,1021763,1OF1.

The email contained the following message:

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The following email addresses also received a copy of this email:

A copy of the uploaded files will be sent to:

- bwalker@co.pacific.wa.us
- mrothman@co.pacific.wa.us

Note: The Filing Id is 20230714011504SC921851